

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Pearson Edexcel
International
Advanced Level

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Tuesday 8 January 2019

Morning (Time: 2 hours 30 minutes)

Paper Reference **WMA01/01**

Core Mathematics C12
Advanced Subsidiary

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Blue)

Total Marks

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B). Coloured pencils and highlighter pens must not be used.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 125.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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6. (a) Sketch the graph of $y = 1 + \cos x$, $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$

Show on your sketch the coordinates of the points where your graph meets the coordinate axes.

(3)

- (b) Use the trapezium rule, with 6 strips of equal width, to find an approximate value for

$$\int_0^{2\pi} (1 + \cos x) dx$$

(4)

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8. Given $k > 3$ and

$$\int_3^k \left(2x + \frac{6}{x^2} \right) dx = 10k$$

show that $k^3 - 10k^2 - 7k - 6 = 0$

(5)

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10.

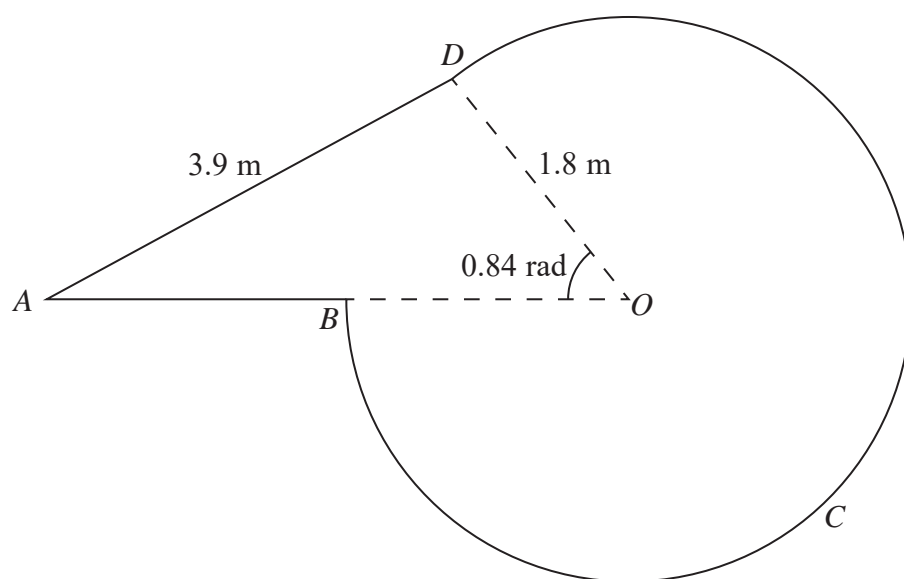
Diagram not
drawn to scale

Figure 1

Figure 1 shows the design for a shop sign $ABCD$.

The sign consists of a triangle AOD joined to a sector of a circle $DOBCD$ with radius 1.8 m and centre O .

The points A , B and O lie on a straight line.

Given that $AD = 3.9$ m and angle BOD is 0.84 radians,

- (a) calculate the size of angle DAO , giving your answer in radians to 3 decimal places. (2)
- (b) Show that, to one decimal place, the length of AO is 4.9 m. (3)
- (c) Find, in m^2 , the area of the shop sign, giving your answer to one decimal place. (3)
- (d) Find, in m, the perimeter of the shop sign, giving your answer to one decimal place. (3)

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13. $f(x) = 3x^3 + 3x^2 + cx + 12$, where c is a constant

Given that $(x + 3)$ is a factor of $f(x)$,

(a) show that $c = -14$ (2)

(b) Write $f(x)$ in the form $f(x) = (x + 3)Q(x)$ where $Q(x)$ is a quadratic function. (2)

(c) Use the answer to part (b) to prove that the equation $f(x) = 0$ has only one real solution. (2)

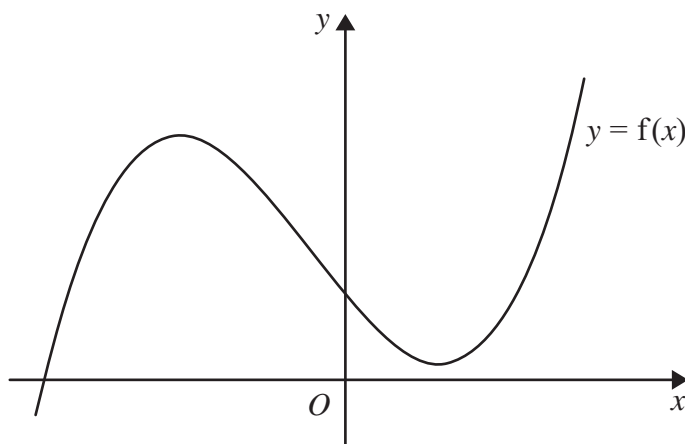


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of the curve with equation $y = f(x)$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

On **separate** diagrams sketch the curve with equation

(d) (i) $y = f(3x)$

(ii) $y = -f(x)$

On each diagram show clearly the coordinates of the points where the curve crosses the coordinate axes.

(4)

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Question 13 continued

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16.

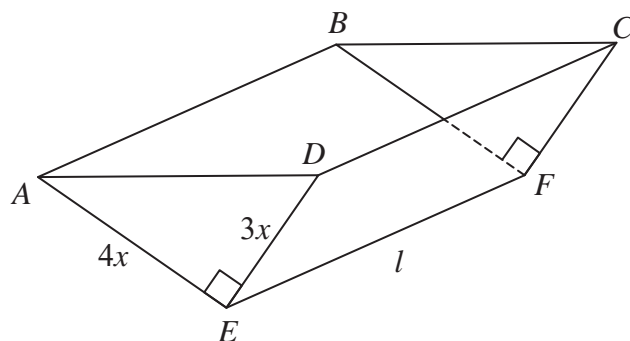


Figure 4

Figure 4 shows the design for a container in the shape of a hollow triangular prism.

The container is **open at the top**, which is labelled $ABCD$.

The sides of the container, $ABFE$ and $DCFE$, are rectangles.

The ends of the container, ADE and BCF , are congruent right-angled triangles, as shown in Figure 4.

The ends of the container are vertical and the edge EF is horizontal.

The edges AE , DE and EF have lengths $4x$ metres, $3x$ metres and l metres respectively.

Given that the container has a capacity of 0.75 m^3 and is made of material of negligible thickness,

(a) show that the internal surface area of the container, $S \text{ m}^2$, is given by

$$S = 12x^2 + \frac{7}{8x} \quad (5)$$

(b) Use calculus to find the value of x , for which S is a minimum.

Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

(5)

(c) Justify that the value of x found in part (b) gives a minimum value for S .

(2)

Using the value of x found in part (b), find to 2 decimal places,

(d) (i) the length of the edge AD ,

(ii) the length of the edge CD .

(4)

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